Elizabeth, Colorado

Financial Statements

June 30, 2019



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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Education Elizabeth School District Elizabeth, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the Elizabeth School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Elizabeth School District, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the Elizabeth School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Elizabeth School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and the auditors integrity report listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Board of Education Elizabeth School District Page 3

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2019, on our consideration of the Elizabeth School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Elizabeth School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hill & Company.pc

Greenwood Village, Colorado December 11, 2019



ELIZABETH SCHOOL DISTRICT ELBERT COUNTY, COLORADO

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019

As management of the Elizabeth School District, Elbert County, Colorado (the District), we offer readers of the District's Audited Financial Statements this narrative and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Fund balance of the District's governmental funds increased by \$415,672, resulting in an ending balance of \$5,983,592.
- The District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources for governmental activities exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$28,551,085) (net position).
- The deficit in the District's total net position for the governmental activities decreased \$6,097,739 or 17.6% in fiscal year 2019.
- Governmental activities has (\$47,299,765) in unrestricted net position.
- The ending fund balance within the General Fund, as a percentage of expenditures, stood at 18.24%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. Comparison to the prior year's activity is provided in this document. The basic financial statements presented on pages 4-37 are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader of the District's audited financial statements a broad overview of the financial activities in a manner similar to a private sector business. The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information about all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between them is reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the current fiscal year. Changes in net position are recorded in the statement of activities when the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement even though the resulting cash flow may be recorded in a future period.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are supported from taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). Governmental activities consolidate governmental funds including the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

The government-wide financial statements also include information on component units that are legally separate from the District (known as the primary government). At the close of the current fiscal year, the District has included information for one component unit, the Legacy Academy Charter School. Financial information for the charter school is presented separately from the primary government because the charter school has a separate governing board.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 4-5 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are designed to demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific objectives. Fund financial statements for the District include three fund types. The fund types presented here are governmental funds, a proprietary fund and a fiduciary fund.

Governmental funds account for essentially the same information reported in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term financial resources and fund balances. Such information may be useful in evaluating the financing requirements in the near term.

Since the governmental funds and the governmental activities report information using the same functions, it is useful to compare the information presented. Because the focus of each report differs, a reconciliation is provided on the fund financial statements to assist the reader in comparing the near-term requirements with the long-term needs.

The District maintains five different governmental funds. The major funds are the General Fund and Bond Redemption Fund, while the nonmajor funds are the Food Services Fund, Grants Fund and the Athletics Fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 6-9 of this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for the District's General Fund is included under required supplementary information on pages 41-42, to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget.

The District maintains one type of proprietary fund.

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the District's self-insurance activity. The premiums paid by employees and the District are presented as revenues, while claims and administrative fees paid are listed as expenses. The fund activity is included in governmental activities within the government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statement is presented on pages 10-12 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 14-37 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The assets of the District are classified as current assets and capital assets. Cash, investments, receivables, inventories and prepaid expenses are current assets. These assets are available to provide resources for the near-term operations of the District. The majority of the current assets are the result of the property tax collection process; the District receives 95% of the annual property tax assessment in March, May and June.

Capital assets are used in the operations of the District. These assets are land, buildings, equipment,

and vehicles. Capital assets are discussed in greater detail in the section titled, Capital Assets and Debt Administration, elsewhere in this analysis.

Current and long-term liabilities are classified based on anticipated liquidation either in the near-term or in the future. Current liabilities include accounts payable, accrued salaries and benefits, unearned revenues, accrued interest payable, and current debt obligations. The liquidation of current liabilities is anticipated to be either from currently available resources, current assets or new resources that become available early in the subsequent fiscal year. Long-term liabilities such as long-term debt obligations and compensated absences payable will be liquidated from resources that will become available later.

The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the primary government exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by (\$28,551,085), with an unrestricted net position balance of (\$47,299,765).

The negative balance is due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68, resulting in a net pension liability of \$33,796,644, representing its proportionate share of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of Colorado plan's net pension liability.

A net investment of \$18,074,353 in land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles to provide the services to the District's 2,404 public school students represents 64.7% of the District's assets. Net position of \$2,473,943 accumulated due to voter approved bonded debt mill levy assessments has been restricted to provide resources to liquidate the current general obligation bond principal and related interest payments. The legally required TABOR reserve has also been restricted.

The \$1,880,724 of accrued salaries and benefits as of June 30 are payables associated with teacher and other employee contracts for the 2019 school year requiring resources from fiscal year 2020 to liquidate.

	Elizabeth School District Net position (In thousands)
	As of June 30, 2019
Government-wide Total A	Assets as compared to Total Liabilities and Total Net position:
Government-wide Total A	Assets as compared to Total Liabilities and Total Net position:

	Government-Wide				
	2019	<u>2018</u>			
Assets:					
Current Assets	9,842	8,892			
Capital Assets	18,074	17,557			
Total Assets	27,916	26,449			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,206	20,896			
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	2,317	2,148			
Noncurrent Liabilities	38,036	76,264			
Total Liabilities	40,353	78,412			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	26,320	3,581			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	15,641	14,359			
Restricted	3,108	2,758			
Unrestricted	(47,300)	(51,765)			
Total Net position	(28,551)	(34,648)			

Government-wide Activities

Governmental activities increased the net position of the District by \$6,097,739. Attributing to this decrease was the District's adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, related to other post-employment benefits. Prior year amounts have not been adjusted because information is not available.

Elizabeth School District	
Changes in Net position (In thousands)	
For the year ended June 30, 2019	

	Governm	Government-Wide				
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>				
Revenues:						
Program revenues	\$ 3,486	\$ 3,696				
General revenues	21,498	20,356				
Total Revenues	24,984	24,052				
Expenses:						
Governmental activities						
Instruction	10,741	20,387				
Supporting services	7,490	13,461				
Food services	581	1,053				
Interest on long-term debt	75	97				
Total Expenses	18,887	34,998				
Changes in net position	6,097	(10,945)				
Net position at beginning of fiscal year	(34,648)	(23,703)				
Net position at end of fiscal year	(28,551)	(34,648)				

Key elements of the change in net position for governmental activities are as follows:

• Pension and OPEB related expenses account for the largest component to the reduction in the District's net position.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$5,983,592, an increase of \$415,672 in comparison with the prior year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. The fund has \$4,090,614 in ending fund balance, of which \$634,000 is restricted for the constitutionally mandated TABOR reserve.

The Bond Redemption Fund has adequate reserves accumulated to make the December 2019 principal and interest payments.

Financial Analysis of the Proprietary Fund

Proprietary Fund. The District's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. However, the Internal Service Fund is included in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Self-Insurance Fund – The School District is self-insured for purposes of providing health, dental and vision coverage for their employees. The District pays up to \$115,000 per subscriber then stop-loss limit coverage provided by Anthem covers the balance of the claim.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was due to better information for both revenues and expenditures. An example are salaries, when the original budget was created there were numerous positions that were not filled so budgeted salaries were based on reasonable estimates, while the revised budget was able to utilize amounts that were much closer to the actual salary and benefit numbers.

General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures and transfers by \$934,822 thereby increasing the ending fund balance of the fund on a percentage basis by 29.62%.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$18,074,353 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes buildings, equipment, vehicles, and land. The net increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$517,374 or a 2.95% increase, mostly due to the purchase of ten new school busses.

Major capital expenditures during the current fiscal year included the following:

- New HVAC software controls were installed
- · The completion of the wastewater treatment system at SHE
- · Hallways and several selected classrooms had new carpeting installed
- Ten new school busses were purchased
- · Several concrete repairs at three schools

Elizabeth District

Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation, in Thousands)

	Total Primary Government				
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>			
Land	\$298	\$298			
Construction in Progress	\$0	\$498			
Buildings	\$27,731	\$27,537			
Equipment, vehicles, & fixtures	\$1,585	\$842			
Transportation equipment	\$2,843	\$2,424			
Less: Accumulated					
Depreciation	<u>(14,383)</u>	<u>(\$14,042)</u>			
Total capital assets	<u>\$18,074</u>	<u>\$17,557</u>			

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on page 21.

Long-Term Debt. At June 30, 2019 the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$1,600,000 backed by the full faith and credit of the District. Additionally, the District has long-term debt obligations for compensated absences in the amount of \$82,213 still outstanding at the end of the current fiscal year.

Elizabeth School District General Obligation Bonds, Compensated Absences and Bus Capital Lease June 30, 2019

	Government-Wide
General obligation bonds Compensated Absences Bus Capital Lease	\$1,600,000 82,213 <u>810,395</u>
Total	\$ 2,492,608

Total long-term debt for the District decreased during the current fiscal year according to the normal schedule of payments.

Additional information on the District's long-term obligations can be found in Note 4 on pages 22-23 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The District is committed to an ongoing review of its programs and services for both effectiveness and efficiency. To accomplish this, the District examines how to best provide essential services on a cost-effective basis and to re-direct resources to the schools. The following factors will have a direct impact on the 2019-2020 fiscal year budget and future budgeting decisions:

- The most recent financial economic report from the State indicates that there will be a slight increase in per pupil funding for the upcoming fiscal year.
- The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of Colorado, the pension plan that covers all district employees, made several changes to address its unfunded liabilities. On July 1, 2019, the District's contribution to PERA will increase .25% from 20.15% to 20.40%. Additionally, the employee's contribution rate will gradually increase from 8% to 10%, which began July 1, 2019.
- The actual funded student enrollment taken on the official count day of October 1, reported that the number of students was 65 fewer students than in fiscal year 2018. This reduction will again put pressure on the District's budget for fiscal year 2019.
- Cost saving measures implemented in prior years will need to remain due to the continuing rise in costs to maintain deteriorating capital assets, unfunded state and federal mandates, all while the State continues to underfund public education using the negative factor.
- For the fiscal year that just ended, 2018-2019, the District increased the ending fund balance of the General Fund by \$934,822. The current 2019-2020 Budget reflects a decrease in the ending fund balance to fund large capital asset repairs and purchases.
- The District is anticipating slight increases in future funding due to a relatively large residential development that began in 2018 that should reverse the declining enrollment trend.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Elizabeth School District Attention: Business Office 633 Dale Ct. PO Box 610 Elizabeth, CO 80107 **Basic Financial Statements**

Elizabeth School District Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

Governme Activities		Primary Government Governmental Activities		Component Unit Legacy Academy
Assets	¢	7 699 046	¢	1 544 400
Cash and Investments	\$	7,688,046	\$	1,544,492
Restricted Cash and Investments		1,640,647		5,051,445
Accounts Receivable		44,058		3,390
Grants Receivable		8,504		-
Taxes Receivable		433,123		-
Inventories		28,186		-
Prepaid Expenses		-		13,302
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		298,022		347,000
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	-	17,776,331	_	3,864,859
Total Assets	-	27,916,917	_	10,824,488
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Loss on Debt Refunding, Net of Accumulated Amortization		35,942		103,629
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization		10,064,595		1,796,419
OPEB, Net of Accumulated Amortization	_	105,018	_	52,967
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	10,205,555	_	1,953,015
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		77,044		31,528
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		1,880,724		144,072
Unearned Revenues		-		43,371
Accrued Interest Payable		4,385		17,330
Insurance Claims Payable		354,864		-
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Due Within One Year		1,785,237		212,166
Due in More Than One Year		766,534		9,235,976
Net Pension Liability		33,796,644		5,449,610
Net OPEB Liability		1,687,937		272,174
Total Liabilities	_	40,353,369	_	15,406,227
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization		26,317,619		4,071,636
OPEB, Net of Accumulated Amortization		2,569		414
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	26,320,188	_	4,072,050
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		15,640,737		(5,132,654)
Restricted for:				
Debt Service		2,473,943		555,793
Repairs and Replacement		-		100,190
Capital Outlays		-		4,378,132
Emergencies		634,000		111,000
Unrestricted	_	(47,299,765)	_	(6,713,235)
Total Net Position	\$_	(28,551,085)	\$_	(6,700,774)

Elizabeth School District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Net (Expense) Change in N	
			Program Revenue	es	Primary	Component
			Operating	Capital	Government	Unit
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Legacy
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Academy
Primary Government						
Governmental Activities						
Instruction	\$ 10,740,976	\$ 810,684	\$ 1,338,766	\$-	\$ (8,591,526)	\$ -
Supporting Services	7,490,297	85,917	363,874	232,746	(6,807,760)	-
Food Services	580,660	394,451	259,393	-	73,184	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	74,511	-			(74,511)	
Total Primary Government	\$	\$	\$1,962,033	\$232,746	(15,400,613)	
Component Unit						
Legacy Academy	\$3,327,911	\$116,660	\$ 181,224	\$		(3,030,027)
	General Revenu				5 700 047	
	Local Property				5,763,047	-
	Specific Owne	•			1,497,684	-
	Mill Levy Over				1,440,233	-
	State Equaliza				11,777,991	-
	Per Pupil Reve				-	3,188,341
	District Mill Lev School Improv	•			- 343,771	86,615
		ontributions not R	estricted		343,771	-
	to Specific F		lesincleu		322,359	139,762
	Investment Inc	•			119,098	65,886
	Other	Joine			234,169	15,941
	Transfers				- 204,109	- 10,941
	Total Genera	al Revenues			21,498,352	3,496,545
	Change in Net I	Position			6,097,739	466,518
	Net Position, Be	eginning of year			(34,648,824)	(7,167,292)
	Net Position, E	nd of year			\$ <u>(28,551,085)</u>	\$(6,700,774)

Elizabeth School District Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

A to		General	F	Bond Redemption		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total
Assets Cash and Investments	\$	5,827,265	\$	1,640,647	\$	308,592	\$	7,776,504
Accounts Receivable	φ	21,140	φ	1,040,047	φ	22,918	φ	44,058
Grants Receivable		21,140		-		8,504		8,504
Taxes Receivable		- 433,123		-		0,504		433,123
Inventories		433,123		-		- 28,186		28,186
liventones	-		· -		· -	20,100		20,100
Total Assets	=	6,281,528		1,640,647	- =	368,200	_	8,290,375
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		76,844		-		200		77,044
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	_	1,787,973		-		92,751	_	1,880,724
Total Liabilities	_	1,864,817	. <u> </u>	-	· _	92,951	_	1,957,768
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property Taxes		326,097		-		-		326,097
Unearned Revenue	_	-		-	· <u> </u>	22,918	_	22,918
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	326,097		-	· _	22,918	_	349,015
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable Inventories		-		-		28,186		28,186
Restricted for:								
Debt Service		-		1,640,647		-		1,640,647
Emergencies		634,000		-		-		634,000
Assigned to:								
Food Services		-		-		117,384		117,384
Athletics Programs		-		-		106,761		106,761
Unassigned	-	3,456,614	· -	-		-		3,456,614
Total Fund Balances	_	4,090,614		1,640,647	. –	252,331	_	5,983,592
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$_	6,281,528	\$	1,640,647	\$	368,200	\$_	8,290,375

Elizabeth School District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$	5,983,592
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		18,074,353
Long-term assets are not available to pay current year expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in governmental funds. This amount represents property taxes earned but not available as current financial resources.		349,015
Long-term liabilities and related items are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds:		
Loss on debt refunding		35,942
Accrued interest payable		(4,385)
Bonds payable Lease		(1,659,163) (810,395)
Accrued compensated absences		(82,213)
Net pension liability		(33,796,644)
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources		10,064,595
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources		(26,317,619)
Net OPEB liability		(1,687,937)
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources		105,018
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources		(2,569)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental		
activities in the statement of net position.	_	1,197,325
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(28,551,085)

Elizabeth School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General		Bond Redemption	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Revenues				·			
Local Sources	\$	9,762,869	\$	47,634	\$ 518,470	\$	10,328,973
County Sources		343,771		-	-		343,771
State Sources		13,561,415		-	84,455		13,645,870
Federal Sources	_	437,225	_	-	439,844		877,069
Total Revenues	_	24,105,280	-	47,634	1,042,769		25,195,683
Expenditures							
Current							
Instruction		13,607,652		-	743,766		14,351,418
Supporting Services		8,674,218		-	180,501		8,854,719
Food Services		-		-	726,497		726,497
Debt Service							
Principal		128,288		1,555,000	-		1,683,288
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	21,954	-	76,125			98,079
Total Expenditures	_	22,432,112	-	1,631,125	1,650,764		25,714,001
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,673,168	-	(1,583,491)	(607,995)		(518,318)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from Capital Lese		933,990		-	-		933,990
Transfers In		-		1,076,336	596,000		1,672,336
Transfers Out	_	(1,672,336)	-	-	-		(1,672,336)
Total Other Financial Sources (Uses)	_	(738,346)	-	1,076,336	596,000		933,990
Net Change in Fund Balances		934,822		(507,155)	(11,995)	1	415,672
Fund Balances, Beginning of year	_	3,155,792	-	2,147,802	264,326		5,567,920
Fund Balances, End of year	\$_	4,090,614	\$	1,640,647	\$ 252,331	\$	5,983,592

Elizabeth School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Net Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 415,672
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Depreciation expense Capital outlay	(872,543) 1,389,917
Governmental funds do not record deletions or losses; however, in the statement of activities these assets and accumulated depreciation are removed, and losses are recorded Assets Removed	(530,268)
Accumulated Depreciation	530,268
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the governmental fund financial statements but are recognized in the government-wide financial statements. This amount	
represents the change in deferred property taxes.	43,921
The repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.	
Proceeds from capital lease	(938,683)
Long-term Debt Principal payments on capital lease	1,555,000 128,288
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. This is the effect of these differences in the treatment of	
long-term debt and related items:	
Amortization of bond premiums	69,418
Amortization of loss of debt refunding	(49,601)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
This includes the changes in the following:	
Accrued interest payable Accrued compensated absences	3,751 (14,300)
Net pension liability	37,487,634
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources	(10,680,104)
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources	(22,782,946)
Net OPEB liability	(60,105)
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources	39,299 44,070
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual	
funds. The activities of the internal service fund are reported with governmental activities in the statement of activities.	319,051
Change in Net Position	\$ 6,097,739
See Notes to the Financial Statements.	9
	9

Elizabeth School District Statement of Net Position

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities Internal Service
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$1,552,189
Total Assets	1,552,189
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Insurance Claims Payable	354,864
Total Liabilities	354,864
Net Position	
Unrestricted	1,197,325
Total Net Position	\$1,552,189

Elizabeth School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities Internal Service
Operating Revenues	\$ 1.492.775
Charges for Services	\$1,492,775_
Total Operating Revenues	1,492,775
Operating Expenses Insurance Claims	1,173,724
Total Operating Expenses	1,173,724
Changes in Net Position	319,051
Net Position, Beginning of year	878,274
Net Position, End of year	\$1,197,325

Elizabeth School District Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 vernmental Activities Internal
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash Received from Other Funds Cash Paid to Suppliers	\$ Service 1,492,775 (1,081,168)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	411,607
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year	 1,140,582
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year	\$ 1,552,189
Reconciliation of Change in Net Position to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities Change in Net Position Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Position to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Change in Insurance Claims Payable	\$ 319,051 92,556
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 411,607

Elizabeth School District Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund June 30, 2019

	Student Activity
Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$275,942
Total Assets	\$
Liabilities	
Due to Student Groups	\$ 275,942
Total Liabilities	\$275,942

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Elizabeth School District (the District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following is a summary of the District's more significant policies.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the District, organizations for which the District is financially accountable, and organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the District. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate are part of the District. Legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on the organization, or if the organization has the potential to provide benefits to, or impose financial burdens on, the District.

The District includes the Legacy Academy charter school (the School) within its reporting entity because the School's charter is authorized by the District and the majority of the School's revenues are provided by the District. The School has a separately elected board, and is discretely presented in the financial statements. Separate financial statements for the School may be obtained by contacting the School at 1975 Legacy Circle, Elizabeth, Colorado 80107.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the District and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges for interfund services that are reasonably equivalent to the services provided. *Governmental activities*, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column. The *primary government* is reported separately from the legally separate *component unit* for which the District is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to students or other customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the fund financial statements, the District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those accounted for in another fund.

The *Bond Redemption Fund* accounts for property taxes restricted for the payment of general obligation debt issued by the District.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *Insurance Reserve Internal Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated for the District's employee health and dental claims.

The *Agency Fund* is used to account for the activities of each school's student activities. In addition, the District serves as the grant agent for a local non-profit entity that provides early childhood education. The District holds all resources in a purely custodial capacity.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The agency fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collected within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current year.

Taxes, intergovernmental revenues, grants, and interest associated with the current year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current year. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances/Net Position

Cash Equivalents - For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Receivables - All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Property taxes levied for the current year but not received at year end are reported as taxes receivable and are presented net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes.

Inventories - Food Services Fund inventories are recorded as an asset when individual items are purchased and as an expenditure when consumed. Inventories are stated at average cost, and consist of purchased and donated commodities. Purchased inventories are recorded at cost. Donated inventories, received at no cost under a program supported by the federal government, are valued at the cost furnished by the federal government.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings	10 - 50 years
Equipment	8 - 20 years
Transportation Vehicles	8 - 30 years

Accrued Salaries and Benefits - Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, are reported as a liability in the financial statements.

Deferred Inflows of Resources - Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements include property taxes earned but not available as current financial resources.

Long-Term Debt - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Debt premiums, discounts and accounting losses resulting from debt refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method. In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses.

Debt issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the debt proceeds, are reported as current expenses or expenditures.

Compensated Absences - Employees are allowed to accumulate unused vacation time for one year from the anniversary date on which it was granted. Accrued vacation time is paid to those eligible employees upon termination of employment.

These compensated absences are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds when due. A long-term liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements for the accrued compensated absences when earned.

Pensions - The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to and deductions from the SDTF's fiduciary net position have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, the same basis of accounting used by the SDTF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Employer contributions are recognized when the compensation is payable to the employees.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer postemployment healthcare plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to and deductions from the HCTF's fiduciary net position have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, the same basis of accounting used by the HCTF. For this purpose, the HCTF recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Employer contributions are recognized when the compensation is payable to the employees.

Net Position/Fund Balances - In the government-wide and fund financial statements, net position and fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are externally imposed. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report committed fund balances when the Board of Education formally commits resources for a specific purpose through passage of a resolution. The Board of Education has delegated to the Superintendent the authority to assign fund balances to be used for specific purposes.

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, District policy requires restricted fund balance to be used first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned balances.

District policy sets a financial goal to maintain a total fund balance in the General Fund of 2% of total operating revenues, in addition to any amounts required by State statutes.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1, are levied the following December, and are collected in the subsequent calendar year. Taxes are payable in full on April 30, or in two installments on February 28 and June 15. The County Treasurer's Office collects property taxes and remits to the District on a monthly basis. When taxes become delinquent, the property is sold on the tax sale date.

Subsequent Events

We have subsequent events though December 11, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 2: Cash and Investments

At June 30, 2019, the District had the following cash and investments:

Deposits Investments	\$ 2,225,922 7,378,713
Total	\$ 9,604,635
Cash and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:	
Cash and Investments Fiduciary Fund Cash and Investments	\$ 9,328,693 275,942
Total	\$ 9,604,635

<u>Deposits</u>

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires local government entities to deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by State regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. At June 30, 2019, the District had bank deposits of \$2,190,921 collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's agent but not in the District's name.

Investments

The District is required to comply with State statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating, maturity and concentration risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include the following. State statutes do not address custodial risk.

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements - At June 30, 2019, the District's investments in Colotrust and a money market fund are reported at the net asset value per share.

Interest Rate Risk - State statutes generally limit investments to an original maturity of five years from the date of purchase, unless the governing board authorizes the investment for a period in excess of five years.

Credit Risk - State statutes limit investments in money market funds to those that maintain a constant share price, with a maximum remaining maturity in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a-7, and either have assets of one billion dollars or the highest rating issued by one or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). At June 30, 2019, the District had \$1,547,855 invested in a money market fund that was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk - State statutes do not limit the amount the District may invest in a single issuer of investment securities, except for corporate securities.

Local Government Investment Pool - At June 30, 2019, the District had \$5,830,857 invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust). Colotrust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The Colorado Division of Securities administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating Colotrust. Colotrust operate in conformity with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a-7. Colotrust is measured at the net asset value per share, with each share valued at \$1. Colotrust is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Investments of Colotrust are limited to those allowed by State statutes. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is summarized below.

		Balance 06/30/18		Additions		Deletions		Balance 06/30/19
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	298,022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	298,022
Construction in Progress	_	497,768	_	219,313		(717,081)		-
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	_	795,790	-	219,313		(717,081)		298,022
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated								
Buildings		27,536,909		194,538		-		27,731,447
Equipment		841,587		743,660		-		1,585,247
Transportation Vehicles		2,424,155		949,487		(530,268)		2,843,374
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		30,802,651		1,887,685		(530,268)		32,160,068
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings		(11,072,945)		(691,486)		-		(11,764,431)
Equipment		(651,613)		(98,308)		-		(749,921)
Transportation Vehicles	_	(2,316,904)	_	(82,749)		530,268	_	(1,869,385)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	(14,041,462)	_	(872,543)		530,268		(14,383,737)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, net	_	16,761,189	_	1,015,142	-		_	17,776,331
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$_	17,556,979	\$.	1,234,455	\$	(717,081)	\$ _	18,074,353

Depreciation expense of the governmental activities was charged to programs of the District as follows:

Instruction Supporting Services Food Services	\$ 2,522 867,006 3,015
Total	\$ 872,543

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 4: Long-Term Debt

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2019.

		Balance 06/30/18		Additions		Payments		Balance 06/30/19		Due Within One Year
2012 GO Bonds	\$	815,000	\$	-	\$	(165,000)	\$	650,000	\$	650,000
2012 Bond Premium		15,775		-		(7,887)		7,888		-
2016 GO Bonds		2,340,000		-		(1,390,000)		950,000		950,000
2016 Bond Premium		112,806		-		(61,531)		51,275		-
Bus Capital Lease		-		938,683		(128,288)		810,395		124,877
Compensated Absences	_	67,913	· -	95,867	· -	(81,567)	_	82,213	. <u>-</u>	60,360
Total	\$_	3,351,494	\$	1,034,550	\$	(1,834,273)	\$_	2,551,771	\$_	1,785,237

Compensated absences are expected to be liquidated primarily with revenues of the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

\$2,745,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, were issued to refund certain existing bond obligations originally issued to construct and equip a new high school building. Principal payments are due annually on December 1, through 2020. Interest accrues at rates ranging from 2% to 2.25% per annum, and is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1.

In April 2016, \$5,060,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, were issued to refund the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005. Principal payments are due annually on December 1, through 2020. Interest payments are due semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, with interest accruing at rates ranging from 3% to 4% per annum.

Bond payments to maturity are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal	 Interest		Total
2020	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 26,310	\$_	1,626,310

Bus Capital Lease

In July 2018, the District entered into a master lease agreement for \$938,683 to purchase buses. Principal payments are due annually on April 1, 2019, through 2020. Interest payments are due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, with interest accruing at 3.13% per annum.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 4: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Bus Capital Lease (Continued)

Principal and interest payments due on the outstanding capital lease are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	124,877	\$ 25,365	\$ 150,242
2021		128,785	21,457	150,242
2022		132,816	17,426	150,242
2023		136,974	13,268	150,242
2024		141,261	8,981	150,242
2025	_	145,682	4,559	 150,241
Total	\$	810,395	91,056	 901,451

Note 5: Interfund Transactions

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the General Fund subsidized the activities of the Bond Redemption, Food Services and Athletics Funds through interfund transfers of \$1,076,336, \$70,000 and \$526,000, respectively.

Note 6: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; natural disasters; and health and dental claims of its employees. The District accounts for and finances its risk activities in the General and Insurance Reserve Internal Service Funds.

The District purchases commercial insurance for property, liability, and workers compensation risks of loss. Under the District's employee health and dental plan, the District provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$115,000 per employee for each calendar year. The aggregate stop-loss limit for the District is 120% of expected claims, or \$1,706,411 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Claims liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements and the internal service fund if information available prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Other than current amounts, the District does not believe the estimated claims liability is fully measurable, and the District could incur additional costs related to incurred but not reported claims.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 6: Risk Management (Continued)

Changes in claims payable for the employee health and dental plan were as follows:

Claims Payable, June 30, 2017, Claims Incurred and Adjustments Payments	\$	181,176 1,424,102 (1,342,970)
Claims Payable, June 30, 2018, Claims Incurred and Adjustments Payments	_	262,308 1,173,724 (1,081,168)
Claims Payable, June 30, 2019	\$	354,864

Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Division Trust Fund (SDTF), a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by (PERA). All employees of the District participate in the SDTF. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available financial report (CAFR) that includes information on the SDTF that may be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits Provided - The SDTF provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan participants or their beneficiaries. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. The lifetime retirement benefit is the greater of the a) highest average salary over three years multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit, or b) the value of the participant's contribution account plus an equal match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date, annualized into a monthly amount based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors. In no case can the benefit amount exceed the highest average salary, or the amount allowed by applicable federal regulations.

Retirees may elect to withdraw their contributions upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

General Information (Continued)

As of December 31, 2018, retirees who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) in certain years, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Pursuant to SB 18-200, there are no annual increases (AI) for 2018 and 2019 for all benefit recipients. Thereafter, retirees under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 1.5% or the average consumer price index for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SDTF. The automatic adjustment provision may raise or lower the aforementioned AI for a given year by up to one-quarter of 1 percent based on the parameters specified C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible plan participants once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of a disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula described previously, considering a minimum of twenty years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure in place under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor who will receive the benefits.

Contributions - The District, eligible employees and the State are required to contribute to the SDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. These contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. The contribution rate for eligible employees is 8% of covered salaries during the period of July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. The District's contribution rate for calendar years 2019 and 2018 was 20.15% of covered salaries, respectively. However, a portion of the District's contribution (1.02% of covered salaries) is allocated to the Health Care Trust Fund (See Note 8).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SDTF. The District's contributions to the SDTF for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$2,064,761 equal to the required contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a net pension liability of \$33,796,644, representing its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated the District were as follows:

District Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 38,417,866
The State's proportionate share of net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District	 (4,621,222)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 33,796,644

The net pension liability was measured at December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2018.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the SDTF for the calendar year ended December 31, 2018, relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.1908654273%, which was a decrease of 0.0295801886% from its proportion measured at December 31, 2017.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: Concerning Modifications to the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. A brief description of some of the major changes to plan provisions required by SB 18-200 for the SDTF are listed below. A full copy of the bill can be found online at www.leg.colorado.gov.

- Increases employer contribution rates for the SDTF by 0.25 percent on July 1, 2019.
- Increases employee contribution rates for the SDTF by a total of 2 percent (to be phased in over a period of 3 years starting on July 1, 2019).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

- As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413, the State is required to contribute \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SDTF to the total annual payroll of the SDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. A portion of the direct distribution allocated to the SDTF is considered a nonemployer contribution for financial reporting purposes.
- Modifies the retirement benefits, including temporarily suspending and reducing the annual increase for all current and future retirees, increases the highest average salary for employees with less than five years of service credit on December 31, 2019 and raises the retirement age for new employees.
- Member contributions, employer contributions, the direct distribution from the State, and the annual increases will be adjusted based on certain statutory parameters beginning July 1, 2020, and then each year thereafter, to help keep PERA on path to full funding in 30 years.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the direct distribution for the SDTF was \$126,505,000.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension benefit of \$1,952,801 which includes \$23,741 of support from the state as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,146,415	\$	-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		6,308,288		21,017,877
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		1,842,127		-
Changes in proportion		(284,789)		5,299,742
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,314,897		-
Total	\$	10,326,938	\$_	26,317,619

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,314,897 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ (3,578,710)
2021	(8,898,234)
2022	(5,836,316)
2023	 1,007,682
Total	\$ (17,305,578)

Actuarial Assumptions - The actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, determined the total pension liability using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs.

Price inflation	2.4%
Real wage growth	1.1%
Wage inflation	3.5%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.5% - 9.7%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of plan	
investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate ¹	4.78%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
Hired prior to 1/1/2007	0% through 2019 and
	1.5% compounded annually thereafter
Hired after 12/31/2006	ad hoc

¹The discount rate reflected in the roll-forward calculation of the total pension liability to the measurement date was 7.25%.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, with certain adjustments, adjusted as follows:

• *Males*: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

• *Females*: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting. The significant changes affecting the plan included decreasing the investment rate of return assumption from 7.5% per year, compounded annually, net of investment expenses, to 7.25%, and updating mortality assumptions based on RP-2014 mortality tables.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the SDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity - Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity - Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity - Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity - Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income - Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount determination does not use the municipal bond rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

As of the prior measurement date, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent and the municipal bond index rate of 3.43 percent were used in the discount rate determination resulting in a discount rate of 4.78 percent, 2.47 percent lower compared to the current measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 7: Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate, as follows:

		Current					
	1%	1% Decrease Discount Rate (6.25%) (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)			
Proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	42,966,652	\$_	33,796,644	\$_	26,101,462	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the SDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's separately issued financial report, which may be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Note 8: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits

General Information

Plan Description - All employees of the District are eligible to receive postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) through the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) assigns the authority to establish and amend plan provisions to the State Legislature. PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes information on the HCTF. That report may be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits Provided - The HCTF provides a healthcare premium subsidy to eligible benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll. Eligibility to enroll is voluntary and includes benefit recipients, their eligible dependents and surviving spouses, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll in the HCTF upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period. The health care premium subsidy is based on the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 8: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

General Information (Continued)

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare, and \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are over 65 years of age or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. An additional subsidy is provided if the benefit recipient has not participated in Social Security and is not otherwise eligible for Medicare Part A. The maximum subsidy is based on 20 or more years of service. The subsidy is reduced for each year of service less than 20 years. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium not covered by the subsidy.

Contributions - As established by Title 24, Article 51, Section 208 of the CRS, 1.02% of the District's contributions to the School Division Trust Fund (SDTF) (see Note 7) is apportioned to the HCTF. No employee contributions are required. These contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the State Legislature. The District's apportionment to the HCTF for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$110,091, equal to the required amount.

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a net OPEB liability of \$1,687,937, representing its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the HCTF. The net OPEB liability was measured at December 31, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2018.

The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year ended December 31, 2018, relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.1240635401%, which was a decrease of 0.0011928108% from its proportion measured at December 31, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 8: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$143,965. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	6,127	\$	2,569
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		11,841		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		9,706		-
Changes in proportion		21,221		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		70,109		-
Total	\$	119,004	\$	2,569

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$70,109 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,

2020	\$ 9,863
2021	9,863
2022	9,863
2023	16,607
2024	160
Thereafter	 (30)
Total	\$ 46,326

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 8: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - The actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, determined the total OPEB liability using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Price inflation	2.4%
Real wage growth	1.1%
Wage inflation	3.5%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.5%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of plan	
investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.0%
Medicare plans	5.0%
Medicare Part A premiums:	
3.25% for 2018, gradually rising to 5.00% in 2025	

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table. The mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates. Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, with certain adjustments. For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

Health care cost trend rates are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience, building block models and heuristics developed by actuaries and administrators, and other projected trends.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, and were adopted by PERA's governing board on November 18, 2016. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and the related trends are analyzed by PERA's actuary as needed.

The long-term expected rate of return on the HCTF investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 8: Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

The most recent analysis of the long-term expected rate of return was adopted by PERA's governing board on November 18, 2016 and included the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as presented previously (see Note 7).

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on this assumption, the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future OPEB payments to current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on HCTF investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate, as follows:

		Current					
	1%					1% Increase (8.25%)	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,888,654	\$	1,687,937	\$	1,516,342	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, ranging from 3% to 5%, as well as the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates, as follows:

	Current Healthcare Cost 1% Decrease Trend Rates				t 1% Increase		
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,567,968	\$	1,687,937	\$	1,665,760	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's separately issued financial report, which may be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies

Claims and Judgments

The District participates in a number of federal, state, and local programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental entities. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the District may be required to reimburse the grantor government. At June 30, 2019, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited but management believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the District.

TABOR Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed Article X, Section 20 (the Amendment) to the State Constitution which limits state and local government taxing powers and imposes spending limits. The District is subject to the Amendment.

In November, 1996, voters within the District authorized the District to collect and to expend the full revenues received by the District from any source in the current fiscal year and in each fiscal year thereafter, notwithstanding the limits of the Amendment. The Amendment is subject to many interpretations, but the District believes it is in substantial compliance with the Amendment.

The Amendment requires the District to establish a reserve for emergencies, representing 3% of qualifying expenditures. At June 30, 2019, the District's emergency reserve was reported as restricted fund balance in the General Fund, in the amount of \$634,000.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado School Division Trust Fund June 30, 2019

		12/31/18
Proportionate Share of the Net		
Pension Liability		
District's Proportion of the		
Net Pension Liability		0.1908654273%
District's Proportionate Share of the		
Net Pension Liability	\$	33,796,644
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	10,492,895
District's Proportionate Share of the		
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage		
of Covered-Employee Payroll		322%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a		
Percentage of the Total		
Pension Liability		57%
		06/30/19
District Contributions		
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	2,064,761
Contributions in Relation to the		
Statutorily Required Contribution	_	(2,064,761)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	
	_	
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	10,793,253
Contributions as a Percentage of		
Covered-Employee Payroll		19.13%

(Continued)

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. Until information for the full 10-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado School Division Trust Fund June 30, 2019 (Continued)

		12/31/2017		12/31/16		12/31/15		12/31/14		12/31/13
Proportionate Share of the Net										
Pension Liability District's Proportion of the										
Net Pension Liability		0.2204456159%		0.2235124020%		0.2259040660%		0.2288515898%		0.2428819967%
		0.22011001007		0.220012102070		0.22000.000070		0.22000.000070		0.2.1200.00007.00
District's Proportionate Share of the										
Net Pension Liability	\$	71,284,278	\$	66,548,285	\$	34,550,432	\$	31,017,078	\$	30,979,533
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	10,168,895	\$	10,031,633	\$	9,844,881	\$	9,587,231	\$	9,791,336
District's Proportionate Share of the										
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage										
of Covered-Employee Payroll		701%		663%		351%		324%		316%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a										
Percentage of the Total										
Pension Liability		44%		43%		59%		63%		64%
		6/30/2018		6/30/17		6/30/16		6/30/15		6/30/14
District Contributions										
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	1,922,340	\$	1,878,956	\$	1,766,053	\$	1,632,231	\$	1,535,299
Contributions in Relation to the										
Statutorily Required Contribution		(1,922,340)	-	(1,878,956)	-	(1,766,053)	_	(1,632,231)	_	(1,535,299)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		=		=		=		-	
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	10,178,906	\$	10,220,669	\$	9,942,516	\$	9,665,927	\$	9,606,475
Contributions as a Percentage of										
Covered-Employee Payroll		18.89%		18.38%		17.76%		16.89%		15.98%

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. Until information for the full 10-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Contributions Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado Health Care Trust Fund June 30, 2019

		12/31/18		12/31/17
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability				
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		0.1240635401%		0.1252563509%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,687,937	\$	1,627,832
District's Covered Payroll	\$	10,492,895	\$	10,168,895
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a		16%		16%
Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		17%		18%
		6/30/19		6/30/18
District's Contributions Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	110,091	\$	103,825
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	_	(110,091)	_	(103,825)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_		\$_	-
District's Covered Payroll	\$	10,793,253	\$	10,178,906
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		1.02%		1.02%

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. Until information for the full 10-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance <i>Positive</i> (Negative)
Revenues							
Local Sources							
Property Taxes	\$	5,737,207	\$	5,670,967	\$ 5,713,110	\$	42,143
Specific Ownership Taxes		1,078,028		1,125,236	1,497,684		372,448
Mill Levy Override		-		1,590,000	1,440,233		(149,767)
Tuition and Fees		560,000		560,000	719,610		159,610
Investment Income		40,000		70,000	100,398		30,398
Rental Income		65,000		65,000	52,972		(12,028)
Other	_	31,000		33,500	 238,862		205,362
Total Local Sources	_	7,511,235	· _	9,114,703	 9,762,869	· <u> </u>	648,166
County Sources							
School Improvements Fees	_	150,000	. <u> </u>	260,000	 343,771	· <u> </u>	83,771
State Sources							
State Equalization		12,070,593		11,783,345	11,777,991		(5,354)
Vocational Education		25,000		25,000	39,126		14,126
Special Education		442,108		442,108	548,753		106,645
Transportation		205,000		199,000	203,872		4,872
Small Rural Schools Additional Aid		391,784		391,784	322,359		(69,425)
Computer Science Grant		-		-	12,409		12,409
BEST Grant		150,000		232,000	232,746		746
READ Act		50,000		50,000	40,070		(9,930)
State Safety Grant		-		103,392	103,392		-
State On-Behalf PERA Contribution		-		-	274,469		274,469
Additional At-Risk Funding		-		-	6,228		6,228
Total State Sources	_	13,334,485		13,226,629	 13,561,415		334,786
Federal Sources							
Special Education		475,169		486,169	437,225		(48,944)
Total Federal Sources	_	475,169	· _	486,169	 437,225	· _	(48,944)
Total Revenues	\$_	21,470,889	\$	23,087,501	\$ 24,105,280	\$	1,017,779

(Continued)

Elizabeth School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Activities		Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures								
Instruction	\$_	12,780,384	\$_	13,002,626	\$_	13,607,652	\$_	(605,026)
Supporting Services								
Students		1,308,845		1,308,845		1,544,873		(236,028)
Instructional Staff		325,057		325,057		310,637		14,420
General Administration		551,323		531,756		460,744		71,012
School Administration		1,096,745		1,096,745		1,080,752		15,993
Business Services		543,181		548,181		524,048		24,133
Operations and Maintenance		2,327,880		2,336,745		2,240,608		96,137
Student Transportation		1,233,354		1,205,354		1,087,624		117,730
Central Support		822,723		1,795,513		886,565		908,948
Community Services		157,035		157,035		135,207		21,828
Facilities Acquisition		629,930	_	721,248	_	403,160	_	318,088
Total Supporting Services	_	8,996,073	_	10,026,479	_	8,674,218	_	1,352,261
Debt Service								
Principal		-		_		128,288		(128,288)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-		21,954		(21,954)
			-		-		_	(, /
Total Debt Service	_	-	-	-	_	150,242	_	(150,242)
Total Expenditures	_	21,776,457	-	23,029,105	_	22,432,112	_	596,993
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(305,568)		58,396		1,673,168		1,614,772
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from Capital Lease		-		933,990		933,990		-
Transfers Out		(586,000)	-	(1,704,000)	-	(1,672,336)	_	31,664
Total Other Financial Sources (Uses)	_	(586,000)	-	(770,010)	_	(738,346)	_	31,664
Net Change In Fund Balance		(891,568)		(711,614)		934,822		1,646,436
Fund Balance, Beginning of year		2,877,203	-	3,155,792	_	3,155,792		
Fund Balance, End of year	\$	1,985,635	\$	2,444,178	\$_	4,090,614	\$_	1,646,436

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

Note 1: Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions

The Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA) School Division Trust Fund's net pension liability and associated amounts are measured annually at December 31, based on an actuarial valuation as of the previous December 31. The District's contributions and related ratios represent cash contributions and any related accruals that coincide with the District's fiscal year ending on June 30.

Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The following revised economic and demographic assumptions were effective as of December 31, 2017.

- Investment rate of return assumption of 7.25% per year, compounded annually. This assumption did not change from the prior year.
- Price inflation assumption of 2.4% per year. This assumption did not change from the prior year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption decreased from 4.85% per year, net of investment expenses, to 4.78%. The rate reflected in the roll-forward calculation of the collective total pension liability to the measurement date increased from 4.78% to 7.25%.
- Wage inflation assumption of 3.5% per year. This assumption did not change from the prior year.
- Healthy and disabled mortality assumptions are based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted for all funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The District adheres to the following procedures to establish the budgetary information reflected in the financial statements.

- Management submits to the Board of Education a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted by the Board of Education to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to June 30, the budget is adopted by formal resolution.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Authorization to transfer budget amounts between programs and/or departments within any fund and the reallocation of budget line items within any program and/or department rests with the Superintendent. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.
- All budget appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Supplementary Information

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

			Sp	pecial Revenue				
	Foc	od Services		Grants		Athletics		Total
Assets								
Cash and Investments	\$	165,302	\$	20,129	\$	123,161	\$	308,592
Accounts Receivable		22,918		-		-		22,918
Grants Receivable		-		8,504		-		8,504
Inventories		28,186	-	-	-	-		28,186
Total Assets		216,406		28,633	=	123,161	_	368,200
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		-		-		200		200
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		47,918	-	28,633	-	16,200		92,751
Total Liabilities		47,918	· -	28,633	-	16,400		92,951
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned Revenue		22,918	-	-	-	-		22,918
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable Inventories		28,186		-		-		28,186
Assigned to:								
Food Services		117,384		-		-		117,384
Athletics Programs		-	-	-	-	106,761		106,761
Total Fund Balances		145,570	· -		-	106,761		252,331
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	216,406	\$	28,633	\$_	123,161	\$	368,200

Elizabeth School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Sp	ecial Revenue			
	Foo	d Services		Grants		Athletics	Total
Revenues							
Local Sources	\$	394,451	\$	-	\$	124,019	\$ 518,470
State Sources		7,779		76,676		-	84,455
Federal Sources		228,696	_	211,148	_	-	 439,844
Total Revenues		630,926	_	287,824	_	124,019	 1,042,769
Expenditures							
Current							
Instruction		-		231,027		512,739	743,766
Supporting Services		-		29,381		151,120	180,501
Food Services		699,081	_	27,416	_	-	 726,497
Total Expenditures		699,081	_	287,824	_	663,859	 1,650,764
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(68,155)		-		(539,840)	(607,995)
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers In		70,000		-		526,000	 596,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,845		-		(13,840)	(11,995)
Fund Balances, Beginning of year		143,725	_	<u> </u>	_	120,601	 264,326
Fund Balances, End of year	\$	145,570	\$_	-	\$_	106,761	\$ 252,331

Elizabeth School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule Food Services Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues		Original Budget	Final Budget	_	Actual	. <u>-</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
Charges for Services							
Student Meals	\$	424,155 \$	424,155	\$	386,428	\$	(37,727)
Catering		7,000	7,000		8,023		1,023
State Sources							
Grants		9,464	9,464		7,779		(1,685)
Federal Sources							
National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs	_	236,700	244,619	_	228,696	-	(15,923)
Total Revenues		677,319	685,238	_	630,926	· -	(54,312)
Expenditures							
Salaries		320,945	330,945		300,143		30,802
Benefits		110,293	100,293		109,486		(9,193)
Purchased Services		31,000	31,000		17,741		13,259
Supplies and Materials		293,000	293,000		270,867		22,133
Property			-	_	844	-	(844)
Total Expenditures	_	755,238	755,238		699,081	· -	56,157
Over Excess of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(77,919)	(70,000)		(68,155)		1,845
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	_	70,000	70,000		70,000	• -	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(7,919)	-		1,845		1,845
Fund Balance, Beginning of year		82,376	143,725	_	143,725	· -	<u> </u>
Fund Balance, Ending of year	\$	74,457_\$	143,725	\$_	145,570	\$	1,845

Elizabeth School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues							
State Grants	\$ 100,131	\$	87,509	\$	76,676	\$	(10,833)
Federal Grants	 209,643	_	227,550	_	211,148	_	(16,402)
Total Revenues	 309,774	_	315,059	_	287,824		(27,235)
Expenditures							
Salaries	210,985		187,892		170,635		17,257
Benefits	50,946		41,384		41,548		(164)
Purchased Services	32,139		36,780		34,069		2,711
Supplies and Materials	17,404		50,855		23,937		26,918
Other	 18,300	_	18,148	_	17,635	_	513
Total Expenditures	 329,774	_	335,059	_	287,824	_	47,235
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	(20,000)		(20,000)		-		20,000
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers In	 20,000		20,000	_	-	_	(20,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, Beginning of year	 -	_	-	_	-	_	
Fund Balance, End of year	\$ -	\$_		\$_		\$_	

Elizabeth School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule Athletics Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Driginal Budget	,	Final Budget	 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 140,000	\$	140,000	\$ 124,019	\$ (15,981)
Total Revenues	 140,000		140,000	 124,019	 (15,981)
Expenditures					
Salaries	371,643		374,780	364,766	10,014
Benefits	100,922		99,535	113,663	(14,128)
Purchased Services	53,450		55,585	54,277	1,308
Supplies and Materials	20,850		21,500	17,822	3,678
Property	67,100		67,200	65,631	1,569
Other	 47,250		47,250	 47,700	 (450)
Total Expenditures	 661,215		665,850	 663,859	 1,991
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(521,215)		(525,850)	(539,840)	(13,990)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	 496,000		506,000	 526,000	 20,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(25,215)		(19,850)	(13,840)	6,010
Fund Balance, Beginning of year	 95,561		120,601	 120,601	
Fund Balance, End of year	\$ 70,346	\$	100,751	\$ 106,761	\$ 6,010

Elizabeth School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule Bond Redemption Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Local Sources Property Taxes	\$	1,400,000	\$	60,000	\$	28,934	\$	(31,066)
Investment Income	ф —	- 1,400,000	φ 		φ -	18,700	ф —	18,700
Total Revenue	_	1,400,000	_	60,000	· -	47,634	_	(12,366)
Expenditures								
Debt Service Principal		1,580,000		1,580,000		1,555,000		25,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	83,000		83,000	· -	76,125	_	6,875
Total Expenditures	_	1,663,000	_	1,663,000	· -	1,631,125	_	31,875
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(263,000)		(1,603,000)		(1,583,491)		19,509
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	_	-		1,108,000	· <u> </u>	1,076,336		(31,664)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(263,000)		(495,000)		(507,155)		(12,155)
Fund Balance, Beginning of year	_	2,123,623	_	2,147,802	· -	2,147,802	_	
Fund Balance, End of year	\$_	1,860,623	\$	1,652,802	\$	1,640,647	\$_	(12,155)

Elizabeth School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule Insurance Reserve Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Charges for Services	\$	1,830,000	\$_	1,830,000	\$_	1,492,775	\$_	(337,225)
Expenses Insurance Claims	_	1,830,000		1,830,000		1,173,724		656,276
Change in Net Position		-		-		319,051		319,051
Net Position, Beginning of year		739,592	_	878,274	-	878,274	_	
Net Position, End of year	\$	739,592	\$	878,274	\$	1,197,325	\$	319,051

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Student Activity Fund	 Balances 6/30/18			Deductions			Balances 6/30/19	
Assets								
Cash and Investments	\$ 337,072	\$	393,148	\$	(454,278)	\$_	275,942	
Total Assets	\$ 337,072	\$	393,148	\$	(454,278)	\$_	275,942	
Liabilities Accrued Liabilities								
Due to Student Groups	\$ 337,072	\$	393,148	\$	(454,278)	\$_	275,942	
Total Liabilities	\$ 337,072	\$	393,148	\$	(454,278)	\$_	275,942	

Compliance Section

Single Audit



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Elizabeth School District Elizabeth, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the Elizabeth School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Elizabeth School District, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2019. The financial statements of Legacy Academy, a discretely presented component unit, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Elizabeth School District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elizabeth School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elizabeth School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Elizabeth School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of the Elizabeth School District's internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Elizabeth School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elizabeth School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Elizabeth School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hill & Company.pc

Greenwood Village, Colorado December 11, 2019





Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program, Internal Control over Compliance, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Education Elizabeth School District Elizabeth, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Elizabeth School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Elizabeth School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Elizabeth School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Elizabeth School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Elizabeth School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Elizabeth School District's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Elizabeth School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Elizabeth School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Elizabeth School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elizabeth School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the Elizabeth School District's internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Board of Education Elizabeth School District Page 3

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the Elizabeth School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Elizabeth School District. We issued our report thereon dated December 11, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Elizabeth School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Greenwood Village, Colorado December 11, 2019





Elizabeth School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal CFDA Number	Dis	bursements	Expenditures to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education					
Passed through Colorado Department of Education					
Title I	4010	84.010	\$	144,677	\$-
Special Education Cluster					
Special Education	4027/5027	84.027		419,144	-
Special Education Preschool	4173	84.173		18,081	
Special Education Cluster Subtotal			_	437,225	
Supporting Effective Instruction	4367	84.367		38,572	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	4424	84.424A		10,754	-
Passed through Colorado Community College System					
Career and Technical Education		84.048		17,145	
Total U.S. Department of Education				648,373	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster					
Passed through Colorado Department of Education					
School Breakfast Program	4553	10.553		24,200	-
National School Lunch Program	4555	10.555		159,367	-
Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services	;				
Food Commodities		10.555		45,130	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				228,697	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			_	228,697	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$	877,070	\$ <u> </u>

Elizabeth School District Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in the financial statements.

Note 2: Noncash Programs

Commodities donated to the District by the U.S Department of Agriculture (USDA) of \$45,130 are valued based on the USDA's Donated Commodity Price List. These are shown as part of the the National School Lunch Program (10.555).

Note 3: Indirect Costs

The District does not charge a de minimis indirect cost rate.

Note 4: Subrecipients

The District did not pass through any federal funds to sub-recipients during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditors Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP):

Unmodified	Qualified	d 🗆 Adverse	🗆 Discla	imed	
	er financial repo nesses identifio ficiencies identi	ed?		□ Yes □ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None Reported
Noncompliance ma statements noted		ancial		□ Yes	⊠ No
Federal Awards Internal control ove • Material weak • Significant def	nesses identifie	ed?		□ Yes □ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None Reported
Type of auditors' re	eport issued on	compliance for	major feder	al programs:	
⊠ Unmodified	Qualifie	d 🗆 Adverse	🗆 Discla	imed	
Any audit findings reported in accor				□ Yes	⊠ No
Identification of ma	ajor federal proç	gram:			
CFDA Num	nber	Name of Feder	al Cluster/P	rogram	
84.027 84.173		Special Educati Special Educati		bl	
				_	

Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	🗵 Yes	🗆 No
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Section II: Financial Statement Findings

No current year findings or questioned costs were reported.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

No current year findings or questioned costs were reported.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2019

Findings June 30, 2018: Required to be Reported by Uniform Guidance

No matters are reportable.

State Compliance



Colorado Department of Education

Auditors Integrity Report District: 0920 - Elizabeth School District Fiscal Year 2018-19 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type &Number Governmental		Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance =	
		+		-		
10	General Fund	3,155,792	20,178,592	19,243,770	4,090,615	
18	Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0	
19	Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	0	
	Sub- Total	3,155,792	20,178,592	19,243,770	4,090,615	
11	Charter School Fund	1,112,391	3,892,364	3,826,650	1,178,105	
20,26	-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0	
06	Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0	
21	Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	143,726	700,927	699,082	145,571	
22	Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	287,824	287,824	0	
23	Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	120,601	650,019	663,859	106,761	
24	Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0	0	0	0	
25	Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0	
31	Bond Redemption Fund	2,147,802	1,123,970	1,631,125	1,640,647	
39	Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0	
41	Building Fund	0	0	0	0	
42	Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0	
43	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	0	0	0	0	
46	Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0	
Тс	otals	6,680,312	26,833,696	26,352,309	7,161,699	
	Proprietary					
50	Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0	
64 (63	3) Risk-Related Activity Fund	878,274	0	-319,050	1,197,324	
60,65	-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0	
Тс	otals	878,274	0	-319,050	1,197,324	
	Fiduciary					
70	Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0	
72	Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0	
73	Agency Fund	0	0	0	0	
74	Pupil Activity Agency Fund	337,072	393,144	454,274	275,943	
79	GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0	
85	Foundations	0	0	0	0	
Т	otals	337,072	393,144	454,274	275,943	

FINAL

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